

#### Inclusion and special educational needs Tblisi, Georgia 12-13 March 2016

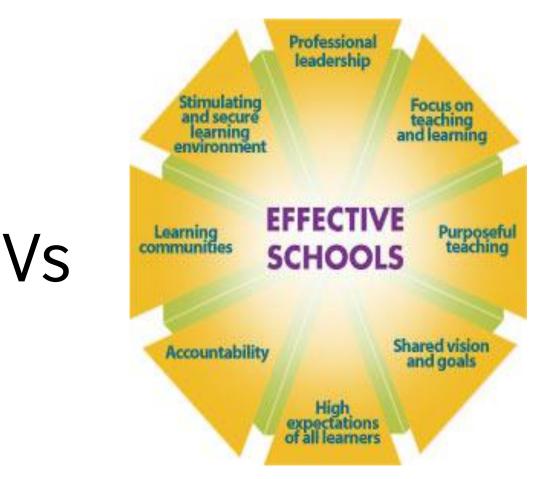
Equality and Quality in teaching and learning

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#### **Medical and Social Models of inclusion**





Key areas for inclusive interventions around quality teaching and learning

**Cognition and Learning** 

Behavioural, Emotional and Social Development

**Communication and Interaction** 

Sensory and/or Physical

**Societal Marginalising Factors** 





## A child's view

I hate English lessons, the teacher always gives us long things to read and I can't understand it. I try to concentrate but just feel like giving up after the first few lines. I just put my head on the desk and sigh because I am fed up. The teacher just shouts at me and says I am lazy

# A child's view

I hate playing games in English. It is supposed to be fun, but I never know when it is my turn and I wait for ages, then I join in and everyone gets angry because it is not my go. Then I shout at them and sometimes run out of the room.

#### **Other children's view?**

#### Child 1

Peter is really funny, he is always shouting out, making funny faces and being like a clown. We can always get him to interrupt the teacher when the lessons get boring.

#### Child 2

I don't think he's funny, he's always messing with my stuff and I can't get on with my work. When I put my hand up to answer he always calls out before the teacher picks anyone. I think he's really annoying

#### Child 3

I don't like him. It's really hard to play with him because he always pushes in and never waits for his turn. We try to let him join in because the teacher told us we should be kind to Peter, but we get fed up with him, it's too hard to be his friend

#### **Inclusive Learning – a definition**

The British Council supports the ultimate goal of ensuring that <u>all</u> schools meet the needs of <u>all</u> their learners.



In working towards this ultimate goal, the British Council believes that a more achievable, realistic and empowering stance is to support schools and education systems to work towards a position where:

#### "more schools meet the needs of more of their pupils"

#### **Different models of inclusion**

#### Single track provision

#### Dual track provision

#### Multi-track provision



**Different models of inclusion – single track approach** 

- All learners within the same school/class
- All services focus on combining within the same school
- All policies work towards all children being in a mainstream setting and against segregated provision



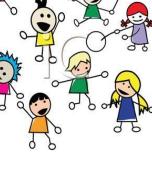
• No need for special school provision

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#### **Different models of inclusion – dual track approach**

- Basing the system on establishing two distinctive systems
- Separate special schools & units for special needs groups
- Pupils in the special sector not expected to follow mainstream curriculum
- Different legislation for different sectors

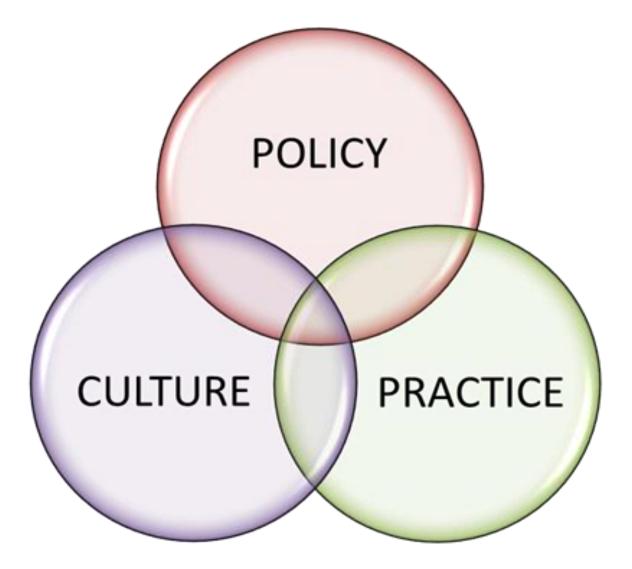




#### **Different models of inclusion – multitrack approach**

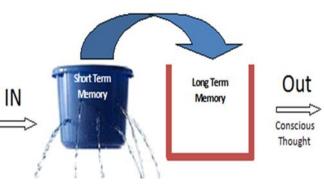
- A blending of the above two with both options
- Two systems in parallel curriculum based
- Special schools as 'resource centres' that pupils can move in and out of
- Flexibility of approach in terms of placement of pupils and in pedagogical provision

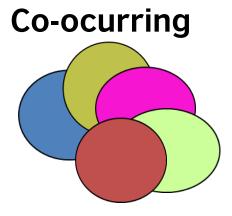
#### Integrated approach to inclusive practices



#### **Spectrum of cognitive differences – neuro-diversity**

- Dyslexia
- ADHD
- Dyspraxia
- Autistic spectrum
- Speech and language difficulties
- Texts reading & writing Expressive and receptive language Working memory & sequencing Concentration/Focus Social interaction needs Organisation of work and tasking
- Fast and slow thinking







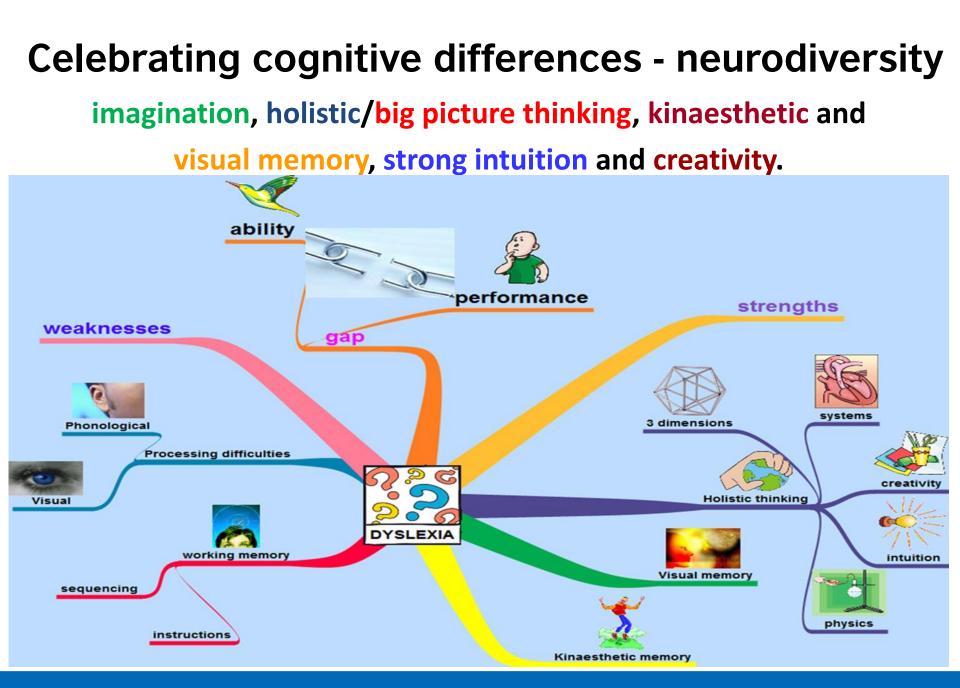
#### S/he just can't read – or write!!!

# At gAe 5 he cou Ind 't erda . His mhtore thuohgt that, prehpas he saw fiidnng it dicuffultsetitlngnito sohcol.

S/he just can't read – or write!!!

#### At age 5 he couldn't read.

# His mother thought that, perhaps, he was finding it difficult settling into school.





Teaching **English** 

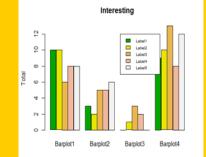
# Senco's



#### **Needs based solutions – differentiated responses**

























#### **Scaffolding and Differentiation**

 Take account of the learning needs and plan differentiated approaches that enable all learners to participate and learn



- Provide appropriate learning routes for everyone based upon their learning needs focused on realistic but challenging achievable outcomes
  - ✓ Differentiation can be based on <u>task</u>, response, <u>content</u>, or.....?

#### Read the following text. What do you notice? Which words are most difficult? How could you make the text more accessible?

ehT .srehto eht fo ngis on llits saw erehT pmac eht dehcaorppa yeht sa deppots dah gnignis yeht, nehT .nees eb ot eno on saw ereht woN taerg a sexob eht fo eno fo pot eht no was tuB .derbhguoroht on saw tl .god etihw eht ekilnu – tsop sti ot kcuts dah ti deraeppasid dah yehT .step rehto yeht woN .nageb tsrif elbuort eht nehw .deppart erew yehT .tops eht no erew

#### Making the text accessible – easification!



There was still no sign of the stopped as they approached the





Now there was no one to be seen. Then they saw on the top of one of the boxes a great white

It was no thoroughbred. But it had stuck to its post unlike the other pets. They had disappeared when the trouble first began. Now they were on the spot they were trapped.

#### Some ideas and possible solutions

- ✓ Your state for learning get it off your chest
- ✓ How long is a minute?
- ✓ It's all noise to me!
- ✓ Visual timetables





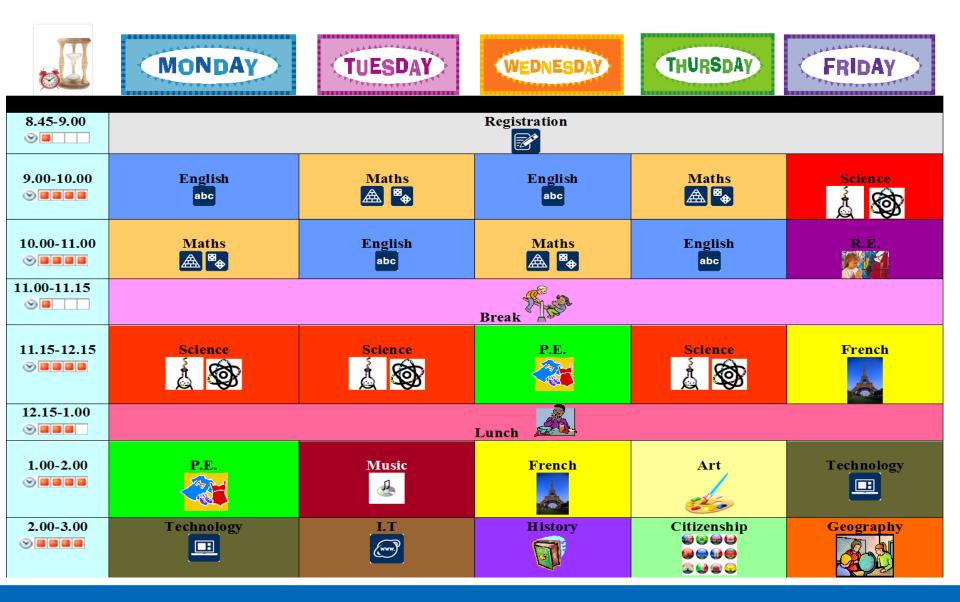


#### What state are you in for learning?





#### **Visual Timetables**



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#### Creating a calming and stress reduced environment - organising, categorising and product oriented outcome



# A grammar activity The beef burger Three peas in a pod





#### come came come

#### burst burst burst

## A grammar activity

#### Mum and twins

## **Mixed bag**





### have had had

#### ate eat eaten

#### Access – a variety of options and solutions

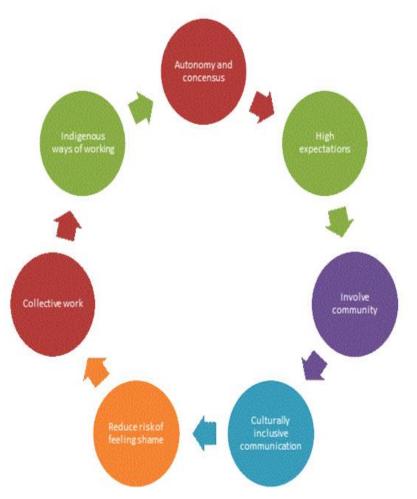
- Physical Access
- Sensory Access



- Intellectual and curriculum access
- Emotional Access
- Cultural access

# **High Quality Engagement**

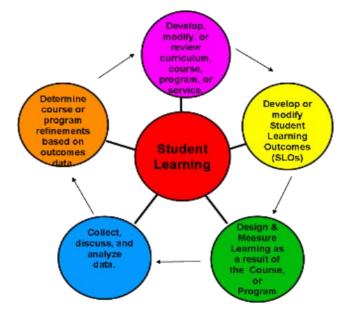
- In class engagement
- Out of class engagement
- Flexible and differentiated engagement
- Specialist resources
- Whole school approaches



#### Assessing our learners for needs based provision











#### **A Final thought**

A woman dreamed she walked into a brand-new shop in the marketplace "What do you sell here?" she asked "Everything your heart desires", was the reply

Hardly daring to believe what she was hearing the woman decided to ask for the best things a human being could wish for

*"I want peace of mind and love and happiness and wisdom and freedom from fear," she said. Then as an afterthought, she added,* 

"Not just for me. For everyone on earth."

The salesperson smiled, "I think you've got me wrong, my dear," "We don't sell fruits here. Only seeds."

# If we can plant seeds then anything is possible.....



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## Thank you

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